Year 2 – Learning Outcomes Overview For Maths							
Weeks	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
1	 Understanding one ten is equivalent to ten ones. Represent multiples of ten using numerals. Represent multiples of ten using numerals and names. Represent multiples of ten in an expression or an equation. 	 -Demonstrate fluency of addition and subtraction within ten. - Practise addition and subtraction strategies as required. - Add and subtract one to and from a two digit number. -Add and subtract one to and from a two-digit number that crosses a tens boundary. 	-Represent the two times table in different ways and solve problems. -Explain the relationship between adjacent multiples of two. -Explain that factor pairs can be written in any order.	 Learn that a polygon is a 2D shape with straight sides that meet at vertices. Describe 2D shapes Find lines of symmetry in 2D shapes 	 Explain strategies used to add. Add a two-digit number to a two-digit number. Add a two-digit number when not crossing ten. Add a two-digit number to a two-digit number when crossing ten. 	 show our knowledge of our number bonds to 10 in a part part whole model write the 4 different calculations to show our knowledge of our number bonds to 10. -identify number bonds within 10 - consolidate my knowledge of the number bonds to and within 10 	
2	 -Estimate the position of multiples of ten on a 0-100 number line. - Explain what happens when you add and subtract ten to a multiple of ten. -Use knowledge of facts and unitising to add and subtract multiples of ten. - Add and subtract multiples of ten. 	-Add and subtract one from any two-digit number. -Use number facts to add a single-digit number to a two-digit number. -Use number facts to subtract a single-digit number from a two- digit number. -Use a part-part whole model to represent addition and subtraction.	-Represent counting in tens as the ten times table - Represent the ten times table in different ways. -Represent counting in fives as the five times table - Represent the five times table in different ways.	-Discuss and describe properties of 2D shapes using a Venn diagram. -Name 3D shapes -Describe the properties of 3D shapes -	-Explain strategies used to subtract. -Subtract a two-digit number from a two- digit number. -Partition the subtrahend to help with subtraction. -Subtract a two-digit number from a two digit number when not crossing a 10.		

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3	-Explore the counting	-Use number bonds to	- Explain how groups	-Identify whether	-Subtract a two-digit	
	sequence for counting	ten to add and subtract	of five and ten are	something has or has	number from a two	
	to 100 and beyond.	single-digit numbers	related and the	not been split into	digit number when	
	-Count a large group of	from or to a two-digit	relationship between	equal parts and name	crossing ten.	
	objects by counting	number.	them to help solve	the fraction 'one-half', -	-Subtract efficiently	
	groups of tens and	-Use knowledge of	problems.	Name the fraction	using knowledge of	
	extra ones	'make ten' to add and	-Represent	'one-quarter' in	two-digit numbers.	
	-Count a large group of	one-digit number to a	multiplication	relation to a fraction of		
	objects by using	two-digit number.	equations in different	a length shape or set of		
	knowledge of unitising	-Use knowledge of	ways.	objects.		
	by counting tens and	'make ten' to subtract	-Use knowledge of	- Name the fraction		
	ones.	a multiple of ten or a	two, five and ten	'one third' in relation to		
	-Represent a number	single-digit from a two-	times tables to solve	a fraction of a length		
	from 20-99 in different	digit number.	problems.	shape or set of objects.		
	ways.	- Solve problems using	- Use knowledge of	- Read and write the		
		knowledge of addition	two, five and ten	fraction notation ½, 1/3		
		and subtraction	times tables to solve	and ¼ and relate this to		
			problems.	a fraction of a length		
				shape or set of objects.		
4	-Explain and mark the	- Find ten more or ten	-Explain how a	-Find half of numbers.	SATs recap	-Order and arrange
	position of numbers	less than a two digit	multiplication	-Find 1/3 or ¼ of a	·	combinations of
	20-99 on a number line.	number.	equation with two as a	number.		mathematical objects
	-Compare two, two	-Add and subtract ten	factor is related to	-Find 2/4 and ¾ of an		in patterns and
	digit numbers.	to/from a two-digit	doubling.	object, shape, set of		sequences.
	-Partition a two-digit	number.	- Double two-digit	objects, length and		-Use mathematical
	number into tens and	-Explain patterns when	numbers.	quantity.		vocab to describe
	ones.	adding subtracting ten.		- Recognise the		position, direction and
	-Add two, two digit	- Use knowledge of	- Explain how	equivalence of 2/4 and		movement, including
	numbers by	adding and subtracting	doubling and halving			movement in a straight
	partitioning into tens	ten to solve problems.	are related	/2.		line and distinguishing
	and ones.	ten to solve problems.	 Explain the 			between rotation as a
	and ones.		relationship between			
			factors and products			turn and in terms of
						right angles for quarter,
				1		half and three-quarter

	I three addends	Evaluin the	Evaluin that objects	Pocognico and uso	Chaose and use	turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise). -Work with patterns of shapes including thos in different orientations. -Use concept and language of angles to describe 'turn' by applying rotations in practical contexts.
-Use Now' adde -Add efficio -Add efficio	e a 'First Then ' story to add 3 ends. d 3 addends tiently. d 3 addends tiently by finding addends that total	 Explain the patterns when adding and subtracting ten use knowledge of adding and subtracting ten to solve problems use number facts to add a multiple of ten to a two-digit number use number facts to subtract a multiple of ten from a two- digit number 	 Explain that objects can be grouped and shared equally. Identify and explain when objects cannot be group equally. Explain the relationship between division expressions and division stories. Calculate the number of equal groups in a division story. 	 -Recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value. -Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money. Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change. -Become fluent in counting and recognising coins. Read and say amounts of money confidently and use the symbols £ and p accurately, recording pound and pence separately. 	-Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature ©; capacity (l/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels. -Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using <,> and =.	-Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature ©; capacity (l/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels. -Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using <,> and =.

6	-Add two numbers that bridge through 10. -Subtract two numbers that bridge through 10. -Compare numbers and describe how many more or less there are in each set. -Calculate the difference.	 Explain and describe how objects have been grouped in different ways. Describe how objects have been grouped Represent equal groups as repeated addition. Represent equal groups as multiplication. 	 Use knowledge of skip counting and division to solve problems relating to measure. Skip count using the divisor to find the quotient. Use skip counting to solve a sharing problem. 	-Compare and sequence intervals of time. -Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. -Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. - Pupils use standard units of measurement with increasing accuracy, using their knowledge of the	-Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature ©; capacity (l/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels. -Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using <,> and =.	
7	-Use knowledge of subtraction to solve problems in a range of contexts. -Calculate difference when information is presented in a pictogram. -Calculate difference when information is presented in a bar chart.	 Represent equal groups as multiplication Identify and explain each part of a multiplication equation. Use knowledge of multiplication to calculate the product. 		the time on analogue clocks and recording it.		